

Policing has identified a range of opportunities to deliver interim reform

JPRT has established a Delivering Interim Reform project to take these forward.

Areas for Interim Reform

Polluter Pays and Income Generation – see next slide

‘Barnacle Scraping’ - Demand has accreted to policing as a consequence of requirements on the service, often as a result of recommendations following problems.

Procurement – see next slide

Workforce - Regulations mean it is challenging to remove people from policing who cannot fulfil their role. Staff employment terms and roles differ between policing organisations, inhibiting collaboration and movement.

Productivity – see next slide

Historic Investigations and Inquiries – While important work, this generates unfunded demand.

Non-Crime ‘Failure Demand’ - There is a range of activity which policing undertakes as a result of failure of other parts of the public sector.

£300m Funding - Funding from the Government for specific activity is siloed, meaning a lack of coordination and missed opportunities for efficiency.

Criminal Justice Burdens - The criminal justice system has added requirements on policing as consequence of deliberate policy choices.

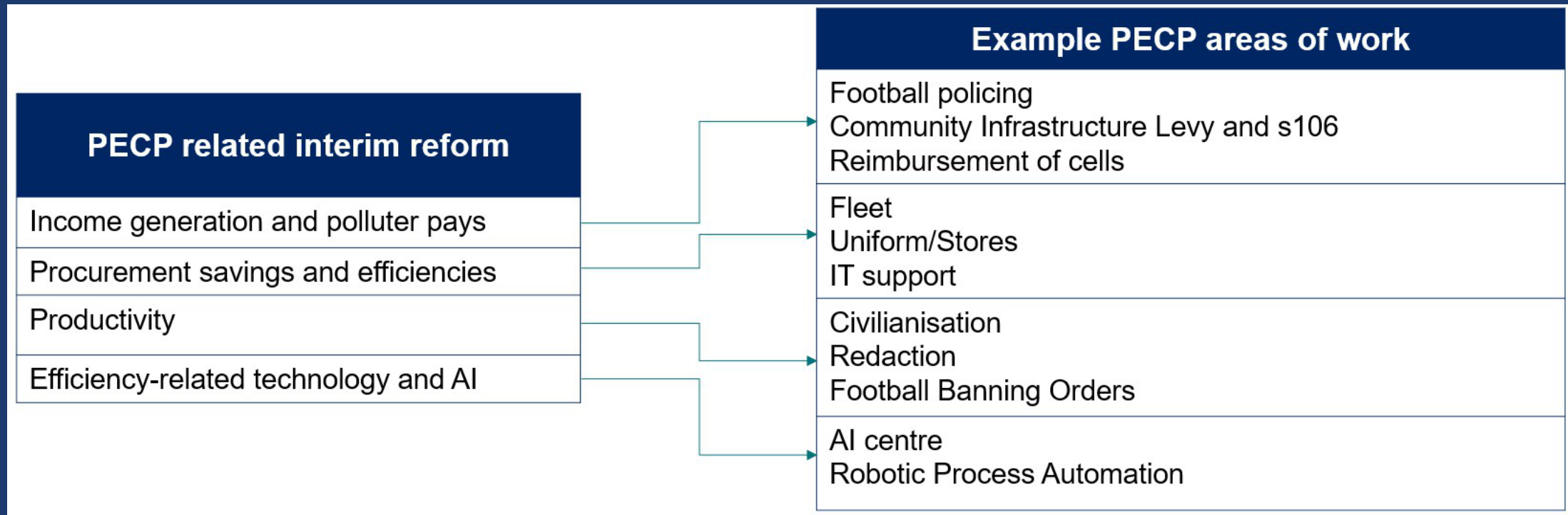
Tech and AI – see next slide.

JPRT are working with policing and Home Office to identify the most valuable areas for progress.



PECP is already taking forward many of policing's proposals

PECP is working to transform national capabilities and operational support services to achieve sustained efficiencies. Of 49 areas proposed by policing, including those raised at Chiefs' Council, 36 are covered by the PECP.



13 areas are outside the scope of PECP but cover issues policing wants to take forward, coming out of the last Chiefs Council. The JPRT is considering these as areas for development, supporting the wider reform programme and want initial, indicative view on prioritisation from chiefs.

Forces to progress

Title	Description	Potential Revenue
Road Safety Cameras	Speed awareness courses delivered inhouse. Will require upfront investment.	£15m
Digital Driving Licences	Savings on postage. Forces are currently required to administer speeding enforcement via recorded delivery of first-class post.	£30m (TBC)
Financial Investigations Courses	Increased activity in relation to SARS, POCA, ARIS.	TBC
Learning and Development	Significant appetite from foreign forces, via FCO, to train forces in areas such as leadership, forensics, driver training, digital etc.	TBC
Commercial Support	Some forces have the potential to income generate from commercialisation of in-house developed products, selling outside of Home Office forces.	TBC
Workforce	Improve processes and policies to enable more robust management and timely intervention re early exit of staff and officers.	£2-3m from medical retirements. Full revenue TBC
AI Innovation	AI to speed up investigation processes.	TBC, to ensure no duplication of NPCC AI Portfolio

Forces and PCCs to progress

Title	Description	Potential Revenue
Treasury management	Move all precept dates to the first day of the month, allowing forces to benefit from interest accrual.	Up to £3m

Home Office / other Government Departments to progress

Title	Description	Potential Revenue
FOIs and SARs	These requests are often very time consuming and require significant resource. Ideally, we would look for full cost recovery on these requests.	Less than £1m based on £10 fee
Sept Census Count	Removal of the Police Uplift Programme September census point. Calculation assumes that all forces then delay recruitment by an average of just one month.	Up to £26m excl Met
Industry Funding	Opportunity for businesses to pay money to private industry that work with policing to prevent crime. Examples include Op Pegasus – tackling organised retail crime.	TBC

PCC inclusion

Title	Description	Potential Revenue
Capital Finance	Increase the certainty rate from Public Works Loan Board (PWLB)	£1m (TBC)
MOJ funding	Increase the stability of funding streams	

